SEARCH REQUEST FORM

Scientific and Technical Information Center

=> file hcaplus

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 3 Dec 2004 VOL 141 ISS 23 FILE LAST UPDATED: 1 Dec 2004 (20041201/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

NODE ATTRIBUTES: IS RC NSPEC NSPEC IS RC IS RC AΤ 3 NSPEC IS RC ATNSPEC IS RC AT5 NSPEC NSPEC IS RC ATNSPEC IS RC AT7 8 NSPEC IS RC AT9 NSPEC IS RC AT 12 NSPEC IS RC ATDEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 13

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L6 296 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L4

L7 65 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L6

L8 21 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L7 AND (CYCLOSPORIN? OR CICLOSPRIN?)

=> d ibib abs hitrn 18 tot

L8 ANSWER 1 OF 21 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:582371 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:307037

Branches on the $\alpha\text{-C}$ atom of cyclosporin TITLE: A residue 3 result in direct calcineurin inhibition

and rapid cyclophilin 18 binding

Zhang, Yixin; Baumgrass, Ria; Schutkowski, Mike; AUTHOR (S):

Fischer, Gunter

Max Planck Research Unit for Enzymology of Protein CORPORATE SOURCE:

Folding, Halle/Saale, 06120, Germany

ChemBioChem (2004), 5(7), 1006-1009

CODEN: CBCHFX; ISSN: 1439-4227 Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA

PUBLISHER: Journal DOCUMENT TYPE:

English LANGUAGE:

SOURCE:

The immunosuppressive drug cyclosporin A (CsA) is a bifunctional AB mol. It directly inhibits the peptidylprolyl cis/trans isomerase (EC number 5.2.1.8) (PPIase) cyclophilin 18 (Cyp18), while the resulting Cyp18-CsA binary complex targets the serine/threonine phosphatase (EC number 3.1.3.3) calcineurin (CaN) through a gain-of-function mechanism. Whereas CaN inhibition is thought to be the main contribution of CsA in immunosuppression, many recent findings have also indicated essential roles of Cyp18 in various cellular events. For example, Cyp18 is required for the HIV-1 life cycle. To dissect the numerous biol. effects involved in CsA treatment and distinguish the Cyp18 and CaN inhibition, the design of CsA derivs. that inhibit CaN specifically would shed new light in this field. Several CsA derivs. were studied for the inhibition of Cyp 18 pplase CaN phosphatase activity. The results indicate that Sar3 substitutions can influence CsA structure and result in direct CaN inhibition.

108466-62-2 151436-10-1 TT

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); BIOL (Biological study) (branches on the α -C atom of cyclosporin A residue 3

result in direct calcineurin inhibition and rapid cyclophilin 18

binding)

THERE ARE 28 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS REFERENCE COUNT: 28 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 2 OF 21 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

2004:372845 HCAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

140:380253 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

Use of 3-position cyclosporin derivatives TITLE:

for hair growth

Kim, Sang-Nyun; Yoon, Yeo-Kyeong; Kim, Moon-Moo; Kim, INVENTOR(S):

Jong-Il; Kim, Seung-Jin; Kim, Hyung-Jin; Lee, Heon-Sik

S. Korea PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 28 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. SOURCE:

Ser. No. 141,723.

CODEN: USXXCO

Patent DOCUMENT TYPE: English LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
				00001000
US 2004087496	A1	20040506	US 2003-696268	20031029
US 2003186857	A1	20031002	US 2002-141723	20020509
US 6790830	B2	20040914		
US 2003207798	Al .	20031106	US 2002-303281	20021125
US 6762164	B2	20040713		
WO 2004041221	A1	20040521	WO 2003-KR2305	20031030
W: AE, AG, AI	, AM, AT,	AU, AZ, BA	, BB, BG, BR, BY,	BZ, CA, CH, CN,
CO, CR, CT	J, CZ, DE,	DK, DM, DZ	, EC, EE, EG, ES,	FI, GB, GD, GE,
			, JP, KE, KG, KP,	
LS, LT, LU	J, LV, MA,	MD, MG, MK	, MN, MW, MX, MZ,	NI, NO, NZ, OM,

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PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN,
             TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG,
             KZ, MD, RU, TJ
         RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE,
             BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU,
             MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN,
             GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                            US 2002-141723
                                                              A2 20020509
                                                                A 20021104
                                            KR 2002-67751
                                                                 A 20010511
                                            KR 2001-25682
                         MARPAT 140:380253
OTHER SOURCE(S):
     The invention discloses a hair growth promoting agent comprising a
     cyclosporin derivative as an active ingredient, and more particularly,
     a hair growth promoting agent comprising a cyclosporin A derivative
     in which sarcosine is substituted with thiosarcosine in the 3-position as
     an active ingredient. Preparation of e.g. [D-2-ethylthio-Sar3]
     cyclosporin A is described.
     683774-68-7P 683774-69-8P 683774-70-1P
TT
     683774-71-2P 683774-72-3P 683774-73-4P
     683774-74-5P
     RL: COS (Cosmetic use); PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic
     preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (cyclosporin derivs. for hair growth)
IT
     683774-61-0 683774-62-1 683774-63-2
     683774-64-3 683774-65-4 683774-66-5
     683774-67-6
     RL: COS (Cosmetic use); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic
     use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (cyclosporin derivs. for hair growth)
     ANSWER 3 OF 21 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
                         2004:131208 HCAPLUS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         140:304074
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         Semisynthetic di- and tri-functionalized
TITLE:
                         non-immunosuppressive cyclosporin A
                         derivatives as potential anti-HIV 1 drugs
                         Carry, Jean-Christophe; Evers, Michel; Barriere,
AUTHOR (S):
                         Jean-Claude; Bashiardes, Georges; Bensoussan, Claude;
                         Gueguen, Jean-Christophe; Dereu, Norbert; Filoche,
                         Bruno; Sable, Serge; Vuilhorgne, Marc; Mignani, Serge
                         Centre de Recherche de Paris, Aventis Pharma S.A.,
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                         Vitry-sur-Seine, 94403, Fr.
                         Synlett (2004), (2), 316-320
SOURCE:
                         CODEN: SYNLES; ISSN: 0936-5214
                         Georg Thieme Verlag
PUBLISHER:
                         Journal
DOCUMENT TYPE:
LANGUAGE:
                         English
     A regio- and stereoselective synthesis of original semisynthetic di- and
AB
     tri-functionalized non-immunosuppressive cyclosporins starts
     from cyclosporin A (CsA) and [4'-hydroxy-MeLeu]4-CsA by way of a
     Barton ester decarboxylation and a C-thioalkylation. The CsA derivs.,
     having -SMe replaced for -CH:CHMe at residue 1 and introduction of
     -SCH2CH2NEt2 at sarcosine residue 3, show anti-HIV activity.
     215531-94-5P 676618-76-1P
IT
     RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL
      (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)
         (semisynthetic di- and tri-functionalized non-immunosuppressive
        cyclosporin A derivs. as potential anti-HIV 1 drugs)
                                THERE ARE 33 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
REFERENCE COUNT:
                         33
                                RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
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ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:47768 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

140:263758

TITLE:

Substitution in Position 3 of Cyclosporin A

Abolishes the Cyclophilin-mediated Gain-of-function

Mechanism but Not Immunosuppression

AUTHOR (S):

Baumgrass, Ria; Zhang, Yixin; Erdmann, Frank; Thiel, Andreas; Weiwad, Matthias; Radbruch, Andreas; Fischer,

Gunter

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Max Planck Research Unit for Enzymology of Protein

Folding, Halle-Saale, D-06120, Germany

SOURCE:

Journal of Biological Chemistry (2004), 279(4),

2470-2479

CODEN: JBCHA3; ISSN: 0021-9258

PUBLISHER:

American Society for Biochemistry and Molecular

Biology

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

Binary complex formation between the immunosuppressive drug cyclosporin A (CsA) and cyclophilin 18 is the prerequisite for the ability of CsA to inhibit the protein phosphatase activity of calcineurin, a central mediator of antigen-receptor signaling. We show here that several CsA derivs. substituted in position 3 can inhibit calcineurin without prior formation of a complex with cyclophilin 18. [Methylsarcosine3]CsA was shown to inhibit calcineurin, either in its free form with an IC50 value of 10 μM , or in its complex form with cyclophilin 18 with an IC50 of 500 nM. [Dimethylaminoethylthiosarcosine3] CsA ([Dat-Sar3]CsA) was found to inhibit calcineurin on its own, with an IC50 value of 1.0 μM , but was not able to inhibit calcineurin after forming the [Dat-Sar3]CsA-cyclophilin 18 binary complex. Despite their different inhibitory properties, both CsA and [Dat-Sar3]CsA suppressed T cell proliferation and cytokine production mainly through blocking NFAT activation and interleukin-2 gene expression. Furthermore, to demonstrate that [Dat-Sar3] CsA can inhibit calcineurin in a cyclophilin-independent manner in vivo, we tested its effect in a Saccharomyces cerevisiae strain (Δ 12), in which all the 12 cyclophilins and FKBPs were deleted. [Dat-Sar3]CsA, but not CsA, bypassed the requirement for cellular cyclophilins and caused growth inhibition in the salt-stressed Δ12 strain.

108466-62-2 210760-77-3 674802-84-7 IT

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(substitution in position 3 of cyclosporin A abolishes the cyclophilin-mediated gain-of-function mechanism but not immunosuppression)

REFERENCE COUNT:

50 THERE ARE 50 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 5 OF 21 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:928882 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

140:146494

TITLE:

Synthesis of non-immunosuppressive cyclophilin-Binding

cyclosporin A derivatives as potential

anti-HIV-1 drugs

AUTHOR(S):

Evers, Michel; Barriere, Jean-Claude; Bashiardes, Georges; Bousseau, Anne; Carry, Jean-Christophe; Dereu, Norbert; Filoche, Bruno; Henin, Yvette; Sable, Serge; Vuilhorgne, Marc; Mignani, Serge

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Aventis Pharma S.A., Centre de Recherche de Paris,

Vitry-sur-Seine, 94403, Fr.

SOURCE:

Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry Letters (2003),

13(24), 4415-4419

CODEN: BMCLE8; ISSN: 0960-894X

PUBLISHER:

Elsevier Science B.V.

```
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                          Journal
LANGUAGE:
                          English
     Original cyclosporin A (CsA) derivs. bearing various alkylthio
     side chains at the sarcosine residue 3 (R configuration) and for the most
     potent and selective compds. a 4'-hydroxyl group at the Me-Leucine residue
     4 were prepared in one or two steps from com. available CsA. The [2-(di-Me
     or diethylamino)-ethylthio-Sar]3-[(4'-OH)MeLeu]4-CsA derivs. displayed
     potent in vitro anti-HIV-1 (IC50 .apprx.46 nM) and low immunosuppressive
     activities (IC50≥1500 nM).
     210758-97-7P 210759-10-7P 227937-33-9P
TT
     227937-34-0P 227937-35-1P 653586-08-4P
     RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);
     SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)
        (preparation of non-immunosuppressive cyclophilin-Binding
        cyclosporin A derivs. as potential anti-HIV-1 drugs)
     151436-10-1P 210760-75-1P 210760-77-3P
IT
     210760-78-4P 227937-28-2P 227937-30-6P
     653585-99-0P 653586-01-7P
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation);
     BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)
        (preparation of non-immunosuppressive cyclophilin-Binding
        cyclosporin A derivs. as potential anti-HIV-1 drugs)
IT
     108466-76-8P 227937-26-0P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (preparation of non-immunosuppressive cyclophilin-Binding
        cyclosporin A derivs. as potential anti-HIV-1 drugs)
REFERENCE COUNT:
                          39
                                THERE ARE 39 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
                                RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
     ANSWER 6 OF 21 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN.
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                          2002:888508 HCAPLUS
                          137:389029
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                          Use of 3-position cyclosporin derivatives
TITLE:
                          for hair growth
                          Kim, Sang-Nyun; Ahn, Ho-Jeong; Lee, Chang-Woo; Lee,
INVENTOR(S):
                          Min-Ho; Kim, Jung-Hun; Kim, Jong-Il; Kim, Seung-Jin;
                          Cho, Ho-Song; Lee, Heon-Sik; Kim, Hyung-Jin
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                          LG Household & Health Care Ltd., S. Korea
SOURCE:
                          PCT Int. Appl., 52 pp.
                          CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                          Patent
LANGUAGE:
                          English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
                          KIND
                                 DATE
                                             APPLICATION NO.
                                                                     DATE
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                         ____
                                 _____
                                             -----
                                                                     _____
     WO 2002092032
                                 20021121
                                            WO 2002-KR879
                          A1
                                                                     20020511
         W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
             CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL,
             PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA,
             UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH,
             CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR,
             BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
     KR 2002086041
                          Α
                                 20021118
                                           KR 2001-25682
                                                                     20010511
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IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR
BR 2002009619 A 20040330 BR 2002-9619 20020511

AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,

20040211

Α1

EP 2002-728237

20020511

EP 1387660

JP 2002-588951 T2 JP 2004530685 20041007 20020511 US 2003207798 A1 20031106 US 2002-303281 20021125 US 6762164 B2 20040713 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: KR 2001-25682 A 20010511 A3 20020509 US 2002-141723 WO 2002-KR879 W 20020511

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 137:389029

The present invention discloses a hair growth promoting agent comprising a cyclosporin derivative as an active ingredient, and more particularly, a hair growth promoting agent comprising a cyclosporin A derivative substituted in the 3-position as an active ingredient. [N-methyl-D-Abu3] cyclosporin A was prepared by alkylation of cyclosporin A with EtI and the compound formulated in a hair tonic.

RL: COS (Cosmetic use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(use of 3-position cyclosporin derivs. for hair growth)

REFERENCE COUNT: THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 7 OF 21 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:195881 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:337615

TITLE: Calcineurin is essential for survival during membrane

stress in Candida albicans

AUTHOR(S): Cruz, M. Cristina; Goldstein, Alan L.; Blankenship,

Jill R.; Del Poeta, Maurizio; Davis, Dana; Cardenas,

Maria E.; Perfect, John R.; McCusker, John H.;

Heitman, Joseph

Department of Genetics, Duke University Medical CORPORATE SOURCE:

Center, Durham, NC, 27710, USA

EMBO Journal (2002), 21(4), 546-559 SOURCE:

CODEN: EMJODG; ISSN: 0261-4189

PUBLISHER: Oxford University Press

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

The immunosuppressants cyclosporin A (CsA) and FK506 inhibit the protein phosphatase calcineurin and block T-cell activation and transplant rejection. Calcineurin is conserved in microorganisms and plays a general role in stress survival. CsA and FK506 are toxic to several fungi, but the common human fungal pathogen Candida albicans is resistant. However, combination of either CsA or FK506 with the antifungal drug fluconazole that perturbs synthesis of the membrane lipid ergosterol results in potent, synergistic fungicidal activity. Here we show that the C. albicans FK506 binding protein FKBP12 homolog is required for FK506 synergistic action with fluconazole. A mutation in the calcineurin B regulatory subunit that confers dominant FK506 resistance (CNB1-1/CNBI) abolished FK506-fluconazole synergism. Candida albicans mutants lacking calcineurin B (cnb1/cnb1) were found to be viable and markedly hypersensitive to fluconazole or membrane perturbation with SDS. FK506 was synergistic with fluconazole against azole-resistant C.albicans mutants, against other Candida species, or when combined with different azoles. We propose that calcineurin is part of a membrane stress survival pathway that could be targeted for therapy.

IT 108466-73-5

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); BIOL (Biological study)

(synergistic action with fluconazole against Candida albicans)

REFERENCE COUNT: 95 THERE ARE 95 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 8 OF 21 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:11455 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:175375 TITLE: Immunosuppressive and nonimmunosuppressive

cyclosporine analogs are toxic to the

opportunistic fungal pathogen Cryptococcus neoformans via cyclophilin-dependent inhibition of calcineurin Cruz, M. Cristina; Del Poeta, Maurizio; Wang, Ping; Wenger, Roland; Zenke, Gerhard; Quesniaux, Valerie F.

J.; Movva, N. Rao; Perfect, John R.; Cardenas, Maria

E.; Heitman, Joseph

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Genetics, Durham, NC, 27710, USA

SOURCE: Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy (2000), 44(1),

143-149

CODEN: AMACCQ; ISSN: 0066-4804 American Society for Microbiology

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

AUTHOR (S):

PUBLISHER:

LANGUAGE: English Cyclosporine (CsA) is an immunosuppressive and antimicrobial

drug which, in complex with cyclophilin A, inhibits the protein phosphatase calcineurin. We recently found that Cryptococcus neoformans growth is resistant to CsA at 24° but sensitive at 37° and that calcineurin is required for growth at 37° and pathogenicity. Here CsA analogs were screened for toxicity against C. neoformans in In most cases, antifungal activity was correlated with cyclophilin A binding in vitro and inhibition of the mixed-lymphocyte reaction and interleukin 2 production in cell culture. Two unusual nonimmunosuppressive CsA derivs., $(\gamma$ -OH) MeLeu4-Cs (211-810) and D-Sar $(\alpha$ -SMe)3 Val2-DH-Cs (209-825), which are also toxic to C. neoformans were identified. These CsA analogs inhibit C. neoformans via fungal cyclophilin A and calcineurin homologs. Our findings identify calcineurin as a novel antifungal drug target and suggest nonimmunosuppressive CsA analogs warrant investigation as antifungal agents.

IT 108466-73-5, SDZ 209-825

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES

(cyclosporine analogs are toxic to Cryptococcus neoformans via cyclophilin-dependent inhibition of calcineurin)

REFERENCE COUNT: 63

THERE ARE 63 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 9 OF 21 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:819403 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:36039

TITLE: Preparation of cyclosporin derivatives via

deprotonation reaction

INVENTOR(S): Viskov, Christian

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Rhone-Poulenc Rorer SA, Fr.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 46 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: French

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PAT	CENT I	NO.			KIN	D :	DATE			APPLICATION NO.					DATE		
						-									_		
WO	9967	280			A1		1999	1229	1	WO 1:	999-	FR14	80		1:	9990	621
•	W:	ΑE,	AL,	ΑU,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	CA,	CN,	CU,	CZ,	EE,	GD,	GE,	HR,	HU,
		ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	ΚP,	KR,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LT,	LV,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MX,
		NO,	NZ,	PL,	RO,	RU,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	TR,	TT,	UA,	US,	UZ,	VN,	YU,
		ZA,	AM,	ΑZ,	BY,	KG,	ΚZ,	MD,	RU,	TJ,	TM						
	RW:	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	UG,	ZW,	AT,	BE,	CH,	CY,	DE,	DK,
		ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,
		CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG					

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FR 2780061
                        A1
                              19991224
                                          FR 1998-7846
                                                                19980622
    FR 2780061
                        В1
                              20010907
    AU 9942700
                        Α1
                              20000110
                                          AU 1999-42700
                                                                19990621
    EP 1098903
                        A1
                              20010516
                                          EP 1999-957167
                                                                19990621
        R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT, IE, FI
    JP 2002518519
                    T2
                              20020625
                                          JP 2000-555931
                                                               19990621
    US 2001025025
                        Α1
                              20010927
                                          US 2000-742008
                                                                20001222
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                          FR 1998-7846
                                                             A 19980622
                                          WO 1999-FR1480
                                                             W 19990621
```

CASREACT 132:36039; MARPAT 132:36039 OTHER SOURCE(S):

The invention concerns a novel method for preparing an intermediate polyanion AB for preparing cyclosporin derivs. by treating a cyclosporin with a hexamethyldisilazane metal salt, optionally in the presence of a metal halide. The treated cyclosporin has one or several free hydroxy groups and/or non-methylated nitrogen atoms in position α and/or any other acid group capable of deprotonation which are optionally deprotonated or in protected form. Thus, [(R)-2-(N,Ndimethylamino)ethylthio-Sar]3 cyclosporine A was prepared in 53 % yield via coupling of cyclosporine A with di-[2-(N, Ndimethylamino)ethyl] disulfide in presence of hexamethyldisilazane lithium salt and cesium chloride in tert-butylmethyl ether and toluene.

TT 210758-97-7P 210759-10-7P 227937-27-1P

> RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of cyclosporin derivs. via coupling and deprotonation reactions)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 10 OF 21 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN L8

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1999:811267 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

132:50254

TITLE:

Preparation of novel cyclosporins

INVENTOR(S):

Ellmerer-Mueller, Ernst; Brossner, Dagmar; Maslouh,

Najib; Ambrosi, Horst-Dieter; Jas, Gerhard

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

SOURCE:

C-Chem A.-G., Switz. PCT Int. Appl., 54 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PA	rent :	NO.			KIND DATE APPI					PPLICATION NO.									
WO	9965	933			A1		1999	1223								9990	610		
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		TT,	UA,	UG,	US,	UΖ,	VN,	YU,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ,	BY,	KG,	ΚZ,	MD,	RU,	ΤJ,	TM	
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		CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG							
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AU	9948	993			A1	:	2000	0105	i	AU 19	999-	4899	3		1:	9990	610		
ΑU	7601	68			B2	:	2003	0508											
	1086]	EP 19	999-	9326	97		1	9990	610		
EP	1086	124			В1	:	2003	1119			+								
	R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	PT,	ΙE,	FI	
	9911				Α							1116							
	2002															9990	610		
AT	2546	30			Ε	:	2003	1215	Ĩ	AT 19	999-	9326	97		19	9990	610		

PT 1086124	T	20040430	PT	1999-932697		19990610
ES 2212583	Т3	20040716	ES	1999-932697		19990610
NO 2000006282	Α	20010212	NO	2000-6282		20001211
US 6583265	B1	20030624	US	2001-701542		20010108
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			EP	1998-110761	Α	19980612
			WO	1999-EP4012	W	19990610

OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 132:50254

GΙ

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
B-C-D-E-F\\
A\\
L-K-T-H-G
\end{array}$$

Compds. I [A = L- α -N-methylamino- β -hydroxy acid residue; B = α -aminobutyric acid, norvaline, threonine, or valine residue; C = substituted sarcosine residue; D = N-methyleucine, γ -hydroxy-N-methyleucine, N-methylvaline, or N-methylisoleucine residue; E = valine residue; F = N-methylleucine residue; G = alanine residue; H = Gly, D-alanine, D-serine, or O-hydroxyethyl-D-serine residue; I, K = N-methylleucine residue; L = N-methylvaline residue] were prepared Thus, 3-(pyridyl-2-thio)cyclosporin was prepared by treatment of cyclosporin A with 2,2'-dipyridyl disulfide and showed IC50 = 0.2 ng/mL for binding of cyclophilin.

1T 108506-88-3P 151436-10-1P 252731-33-2P 252731-34-3P 252731-35-4P 252731-36-5P 252731-37-6P 252731-38-7P 252731-39-8P 252731-40-1P 252731-50-3P 252731-66-1P 252731-67-2P 252731-68-3P 252760-03-5P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of novel cyclosporins)

REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 11 OF 21 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1999:425790 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

131:59141

TITLE:

Preparation of cyclosporins modified in

position 3 via polyanions and coupling reaction

INVENTOR(S):

Amouret, Guy; Guerreiro, Antonio; Viskov, Christian; Mignani, Serge; Evers, Michel; Barriere, Jean-Claude; Bashiardes, Georges; Carry, Jean-Christophe; Filoche,

Bruno

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Rhone-Poulenc Rorer S.A., Fr.

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 62 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

French

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT NO.					KIN	D	DATE			APPLICATION NO.						DATE			
	WO 9932512						1000	0701	,										
					AI		1999	0701		WO 1998-FR2745					19981216				
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		NZ,	PL,	RO,	RU,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	TR,	TT,	UA,	US,	UZ,	VN,	YU,	AM,		
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             CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
     FR 2772768
                         A1
                              19990625
                                          FR 1997-16189
     FR 2772768
                        B1
                             20000114
                             19990615 ZA 1998-11531
19990712 AU 1999-17640
     ZA 9811531
                        Α
                                                                  19981215
     AU 9917640
                        A1
                                                                  19981216
     EP 1040121
                         A1 20001004 EP 1998-962475
                                                                  19981216
                        B1 20040721
        R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT, IE, FI
                                         JP 2000-525449 19981216
     JP 2002502803 T2 20020129
     AT 271563
                         E
                               20040815
                                           AT 1998-962475
                                                                 19981216
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                           FR 1997-16189
                                                              A 19971219
                                           WO 1998-FR2745
                                                              W 19981216
OTHER SOURCE(S):
                     CASREACT 131:59141; MARPAT 131:59141
    The invention concerns a novel method for preparing a polyanion useful for
     preparing cyclosporin derivs. modified in position 3 by treating a
     cyclosporin with an alkali amide in liquid ammonia or in an aliphatic
     amine of low mol. weight, in the presence of a cosolvent, and optionally in
     the presence of dimethylpropyleneurea (DMPU). The treated
     cyclosporin has one or several free hydroxy groups and/or
     non-methylated nitrogen atoms in position \alpha and/or any other acid
     group capable of being subjected to deprotonation and which are optionally
     subjected to deprotonation, or are in protected form. Thus,
     [(R)-2-(N-methyl-N-tert-butylamino)ethylthio-Sar]3-[4'-hydroxy-MeLeu]4-
     cyclosporin A was prepared via coupling of [4'-hydroxy-MeLeu]4-
     cyclosporin A with di-[2-(N,N-diethylamino)ethyl] disulfide in
     t-butylmethylether.
IT
     108466-76-8P 210758-97-7P 210759-10-7P
     227937-27-1P 227937-28-2P 227937-30-6P
     227937-32-8P 227937-33-9P 227937-34-0P
     227937-35-1P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation)
        (preparation of cyclosporins modified in position 3 via polyanions
        and coupling reaction)
IT
     210760-77-3P 227937-26-0P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (preparation of cyclosporins modified in position 3 via polyanions
        and coupling reaction)
REFERENCE COUNT:
                              THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
                              RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
    ANSWER 12 OF 21 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                      1998:721724 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        130:4088
TITLE:
                        Preparation of novel cyclosporin derivatives
                        and pharmaceutical compositions
                        Evers, Michel; Mignani, Serge; Carry, Jean-Christophe;
INVENTOR(S):
                        Filoche, Bruno; Bashiardes, Georges; Bensoussan,
                        Claude; Gueguen, Jean-Christophe; Barriere,
                        Jean-Claude
                     Rhone-Poulenc Rorer S.A., Fr.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
SOURCE:
                        PCT Int. Appl., 61 pp.
                        CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                        Patent
LANGUAGE:
                        French
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
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PATENT NO.

KIND

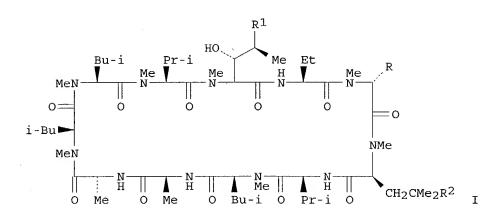
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DATE

APPLICATION NO.

DATE

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             RO, SG, SI, SK, SL, TR, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN, YU, AM, AZ, BY, KG,
             KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES,
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             CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
     FR 2762843
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                                                                     19970430
                          A1
     FR 2762843
                          B1
                                 19991210
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     AU 9875357
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                                 19981124
                                             AU 1998-75357
     EP 979244
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                                             EP 1998-922872
                                                                     19980427
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                             DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT, IE, FI
     JP 2001524105
                          T2
                                 20011127
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     ZA 9803618
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                                 19981104
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                                             US 1998-69959
                                                                     19980430
                           Α
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                             FR 1997-5351
                                                                     19970430
                                             WO 1998-FR838
                                                                     19980427
OTHER SOURCE(S):
                         MARPAT 130:4088
```



Cyclosporin derivs. I [R = H, MeS, alkyl, cycloalkyl or AB hydroxy-, carboxy-, alkoxycarbonyl-, or aminoalkyl or -cycloalkyl; R1 = alkylthiomethyl or R3CH2CH:CHCH2, where R3 = (un)substituted alkylthio, pyrimidinylthio, thiazolylthio, N-alkylimidazolylthio, hydroxyalkylphenylthio, hydroxyalkylphenoxy, nitrophenylamino, 2-oxo-1-pyrimidinyl; R2 = H, OH] were prepared and pharmaceutical compns. containing them described. Thus, [(3R,4R)-3-hydroxy-5-methylthio-N-methyl-Lleucine]1[(2R)-methylthiosarcosine]3-cyclosporin A was prepared by treating [(3R,4R)-3-hydroxy-5-methylthio-N-methyl-L-leucine]1cyclosporin A with 1,3-dimethyltetrahydropyrimidin-2(1H)-one. 215532-02-8P 215532-03-9P 215532-04-0P IT RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (preparation of novel cyclosporin derivs. and pharmaceutical compns.) 215531-93-4P 215531-94-5P 215531-96-7P IT 215531-97-8P 215531-98-9P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(preparation of novel cyclosporin derivs. and pharmaceutical

(preparation of novel **cyclosporin** derivs, and pharmaceutical compns.)

REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 13 OF 21 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1998:711235 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

130:90080

TITLE:

X-ray structures and analysis of 11 cyclosporin derivatives complexed with

cyclophilin A

AUTHOR (S):

Kallen, Joerg; Mikol, Vincent; Taylor, Paul;

Walkinshaw, Malcolm D.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Structural Biochemistry Group, The University of

Edinburgh, Edinburgh, EH9 3JR, UK

SOURCE:

Journal of Molecular Biology (1998), 283(2), 435-449

CODEN: JMOBAK; ISSN: 0022-2836

PUBLISHER:

Academic Press

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

AB Eight new x-ray structures of different cyclophilin A/cyclosporin -derivative complexes are presented. These structures, combined with the existing three published cyclosporin complexes, provide a useful structural database for the anal. of protein-ligand interactions. The effect of small chemical differences on protein-ligand hydrogen-bonding, van der Waals interactions and water structure is presented. (c) 1998 Academic Press.

108466-60-0 108466-73-5 IT

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(X-ray structures and anal. of 11 cyclosporin derivs.

complexed with cyclophilin A)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 52 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS 52. RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 14 OF 21 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1998:561743 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

129:149255

TITLE:

Preparation of cyclosporin derivatives and

their pharmaceutical compositions

INVENTOR(S):

Barriere, Jean Claude; Carry, Jean Christophe; Filoche, Bruno; Evers, Michel; Bashiardes, Georges;

Mignani, Serge; Leconte, Jean Pierre

Rhone-Poulenc Rorer SA, Fr.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Fr. Demande, 21 pp.

SOURCE:

CODEN: FRXXBL

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

French

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
FR 2757522	A1 19980626	FR 1996-15956	19961224
FR 2757522	B1 19990129		
ZA 9711606	A 19980625	ZA 1997-11606	19971223
WO 9828329	A1 19980702	WO 1997-FR2405	19971223
W: AL, AU, BA,	BB, BG, BR, CA,	CN, CU, CZ, EE, GE, GH,	GW, HU, ID,
		LR, LT, LV, MG, MK, MN,	
		TR, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN,	
	MD, RU, TJ, TM		
RW: GH, GM, KE,	LS, MW, SD, SZ,	UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, DE,	DK, ES, FI,
		NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF,	
	MR, NE, SN, TD,		
AU 9856692	A1 19980717	AU 1998-56692	19971223
US 5965527	A 19991012	US 1997-996699	19971223

EP	948527	Al	19991013	EP 1997-952998		19971223
EP	948527	B1	20020605			
	R: AT, BE, C	H, DE, DK	, ES, FR,	GB, GR, IT, LI, LU,	NL, S	E, PT, IE, FI
JP	2001507346	T2	20010605	JP 1998-528489		19971223
ΤA	218580	E	20020615	AT 1997-952998		19971223
PT	948527	T	20021129	PT 1997-952998		19971223
ES	2178037	Т3	20021216	ES 1997-952998		19971223
PRIORIT	Y APPLN. INFO.:			FR 1996-15956	Α	19961224
				WO 1997-FR2405	W	19971223
OTHER S	OURCE(S):	MARPAT	129:1492	55		

AB Cyclosporin derivs. I (X = alkylene or cycloalkylene; R = CO2H, carbalkoxy, NR1R2, where R1 and R2 are H, alkyl, cycloalkyl, substituted Ph, benzyl, heterocyclyl or R1R2N = heterocyclyl) were prepared for use in pharmaceutical compns. optionally associated with an antiviral, immunomodulator, or antimicrobial agent. Thus, treatment of cyclosporin A with bis[2-(diethylamino)ethyl] disulfide afforded I (X = ethylene, R = Et).

IT 210760-75-1P 210760-76-2P 210760-77-3P 210760-78-4P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of cyclosporin derivs. and their pharmaceutical compns.)

L8 ANSWER 15 OF 21 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1998:561742 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

129:149254

TITLE:

GΙ

Preparation of cyclosporin derivatives and

their pharmaceutical compositions

INVENTOR(S):

Barriere, Jean Claude; Carry, Jean Christophe;

Filoche, Bruno; Evers, Michel; Bashiardes, Georges;

Mignani, Serge

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Rhone-Poulenc Rorer SA, Fr.

SOURCE:

Fr. Demande, 22 pp.

.

CODEN: FRXXBL

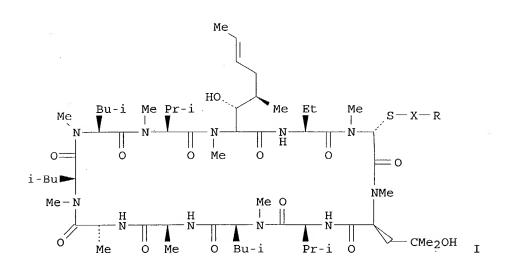
DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: Patent French

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

GΙ

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		9711	507			A					7.A 1	997-	1160	7		1 '			
		9828																	
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	ΑU	9856	593			A1		1998	0717		AU 1	998-	5669	3		1:	9971:	223	
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10	PT	9514	74					2002	1129		PT 1	997-	9529	99		1	9971:	223	
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PRIOR	TT	APP	LN.	INFO	. :						FR 1	.996-	1595	5	j	A 1:	9961:	224	
											WO 1	997-	FR24	06	1	W 1	9971:	223	
OTHER	S	URCE	(S):			MAR:	PAT	129:	1492	54									



Cyclosporin derivs. I (X = alkylene or cycloalkylene; R = OH, CO2H, carbalkoxy, NR1R2, where R1 and R2 are H, alkyl, cycloalkyl, substituted Ph, benzyl, heterocyclyl or R1R2N = heterocyclyl) were prepared for use in pharmaceutical compns. optionally associated with an antiviral, immunomodulator, or antimicrobial agent. Thus, treatment of 4'-hydroxy-4-MeLeu cyclosporin with bis[2-(dimethylamino)ethyl] disulfide afforded I (X = ethylene, R = Me).

IT 210759-10-7P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of cyclosporin derivs. and their pharmaceutical

compns.)

ANSWER 16 OF 21 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1998:561741 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

129:149253

TITLE:

Preparation of cyclosporin derivatives and

their pharmaceutical compositions

INVENTOR(S):

Barriere, Jean Claude; Carry, Jean Christophe; Filoche, Bruno; Evers, Michel; Bashiardes, Georges;

Mignani, Serge

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Rhone-Poulenc Rorer SA, Fr.

SOURCE:

Fr. Demande, 11 pp.

CODEN: FRXXBL Patent

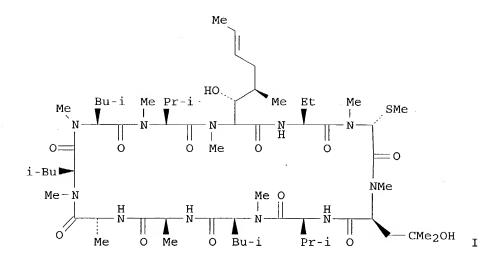
DOCUMENT TYPE:

French

LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

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			ΙL,	IS,	JP,	ΚP,	KR,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LT,	LV,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MX,	NO,	NZ,	
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PRIORI	LTY	APP	LN.	INFO	. :							996-							
								**			WO 1	997-	FR24	04	1	W 1:	9971:	223	
O.T.																			



AB Cyclosporin derivative I was prepared by treating 4'-hydroxy-4-MeLeu cyclosporin with Me2S. Pharmaceutical compns. are described which contain I, optionally in association with an antiviral, immunomodulator, or antimicrobial agent.

IT 210758-97-7P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of **cyclosporin** derivs. and their pharmaceutical compns.)

L8 ANSWER 17 OF 21 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1995:51474 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

CORPORATE SOURCE:

122:45734

TITLE:

Roles of peptidyl-prolyl cis-trans isomerase and calcineurin in the mechanisms of antimalarial action

of cyclosporin A, FK506, and rapamycin

AUTHOR(S):

Bell, Angus; Wernli, Barbara; Franklin, Richard M. Dep. Structural Biology, Univ. Basal, Basel, CH-4056,

Switz.

SOURCE:

Biochemical Pharmacology (1994), 48(3), 495-503

CODEN: BCPCA6; ISSN: 0006-2952

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal English

LANGUAGE:

AB The immunosuppressive peptide cyclosporin A inhibits the growth of malaria parasites in vitro and in vivo, but little is known about its mechanism of antimalarial action. The immunosuppressive action of cyclosporin A is believed to result from binding of the drug to cytophilins (intracellular peptidyl-prolyl cis-trans isomerases), and inhibition of the protein phosphatase calcineurin by the cyclosporin A-cyclophilin complex. Two immunosuppressive macrolides, FK506 and rapamycin, bind to a distinct isomerase, FKBP12, and the FK506-FKBP complex also inhibits calcineurin. Calcineurin itself is apparently involved in signal transduction between the T-cell membrane and nucleus, and its inhibition blocks T-cell activation. Rapamycin inhibits a later step in T-cell proliferation. Peptidylprolyl cis-trans isomerase activity was detected in exts. of Plasmodium falciparum. It was completely inhibited by concns. of cyclosporin A above 0.1 μΜ, but not by FK506 or rapamycin, and probably represented one or more cyclophilins. Comparison of the antimalarial and anti-isomerase activities of a series of cyclosporin analogs failed to reveal a correlation between the two properties. Cyclosporin A and its more active 8'-oxymethyl-dihydro-derivative, in combination with the

cyclophilin-containing P. falciparum extract inhibited the protein phosphatase activity of bovine calcineurin. Therefore inhibition of a putative P. falciparum calcineurin by a complex of CsA and cyclophilin might be responsible for the antimalarial action of the drug. The most active cyclosporin, however, was a 3'-keto-derivative of cyclosporin D (SDZ PSC-833) which inhibited P. falciparum growth with a 50% inhibitory concns. (IC50) of 0.032 μM (compared with 0.30 μM for cyclosporin A), but was a poor inhibitor of the parasite isomerase. 3'-Keto-cyclosporin D has negligible immunosuppressive activity, but it strongly inhibits the P-glycoprotein of multi-drug resistant mammalian tumor cells. FK506 and rapamycin were also active antimalarials (IC50 of 1.9 and 2.6 μM , resp.) but in the absence of detectable FKBP in P. falciparum exts., their mechanisms of antimalarial action remain unclear.

IT 159992-08-2

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(peptidyl-prolyl cis-trans isomerase inhibition by, antimalarial activity in relation to)

L8 ANSWER 18 OF 21 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:135131 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 120:135131

TITLE: Preparation of iso-cyclosporin salts as

drugs

INVENTOR(S): Wenger, Roland

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sandoz-Erfindungen Verwaltungsgesellschaft m.b.H.,

Austria; Sandoz-Patent-G.m.b.H.; Sandoz Ltd.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 28 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Facelie English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE		
WO 9317039	A1 19930902	WO 1993-EP407	19930220		
·W: AU, CA, CZ,	FI, HU, JP, KR,	NO, NZ, PL, RU, SK,	UA, US		
RW: AT, BE, CH,	DE, DK, ES, FR,	GB, GR, IE, IT, LU,	MC, NL, PT, SE		
AU 9336295	A1 19930913	AU 1993-36295	19930220		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:		GB 1992-3886	A 19920224		
		WO 1993-EP407	A 19930220		
OTHER SOURCE(S):	MARPAT 120:13513	31			

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 120:135131
GI

AB

Title compds., containing residue Q (XY = trans-CH:CH, CH2CH2) at position 1, were prepared Thus, (D-Ser)8-cyclosporin was stirred for 66 h

with CF3CO2H in PhMe to give, after workup and salification, (iso-MeBmt)1(D-Ser)8-cyclosporin hydrochloride (iso-MeBmt = Q where XY = trans-CH:CH). Title compds. were active in Freund's adjuvant arthritis test in rats at 14-25 mg/kg orally, and were active in the kidney allograft reaction test in rats at 5-7.5 mg/kg orally. Title compds have reduced toxicity relative to cyclosporins.

IT 108466-73-5 152546-99-1

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(acid-catalyzed isomerization of, in prepn of drug)

IT 152546-97-9P 152546-98-0P 152614-93-2P 152614-94-3P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (preparation of, as drug)

L8 ANSWER 19 OF 21 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1993:671687 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

119:271687

TITLE:

Modification of cyclosporin A (CS):

generation of an enolate at the sarcosine residue and

reactions with electrophiles

AUTHOR(S):

Seebach, Dieter; Beck, Albert K.; Bossler, Hans G.; Gerber, Christian; Ko, Soo Y.; Murtiashaw, C. William; Naef, Reto; Shoda, Shinichiro; Thaler, Adrian; et al.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Lab. Org. Chem., Eidg. Techn. Hochsch., Zurich,

CH-8092, Switz.

SOURCE:

Helvetica Chimica Acta (1993), 76(4), 1564-90

CODEN: HCACAV; ISSN: 0018-019X

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal English

LANGUAGE:
OTHER SOURCE(S):

CASREACT 119:271687

Strong bases (LDA or BuLi) convert cyclosporin A (CS) to a hexalithio derivative containing a Li alkoxide, four Li azaenolate, and one Li enolate unit. The Li6 compound is solubilized in THF by addition of excess LDA or LiCl. Reactions with electrophiles (alkyl halides, aldehydes, chloroformates, CO2, disulfides, D2O) at low temps. give products containing new side chains at the sarcosine residue of the cyclic undecapeptide in moderate to high yields and, with Re- or Si-selectivities of up to 7:1, depending upon the lithiation conditions. Pure CS derivs. can be isolated by column chromatog. N-alkylations or cleavage of the peptide backbone by carbonyl addition occur only at higher temps. and/or with prolonged reaction times. Very little or no epimerization of stereogenic centers occurs under the conditions employed. Possible reasons for the feasibility of these surprising conversions of CS are discussed. For comparison, [MeAla3]CS and [D-MeAla3]CS were also prepared by conventional peptide synthesis in solution Their 1H and 13C NMR spectra are compared with those of CS.

IT 108466-62-2P 108466-63-3P 108466-76-8P 108506-88-3P 151371-06-1P 151371-07-2P

151436-10-1P 151436-15-6P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of, via stereoselective alkylation of cyclosporin A enolate)

L8 ANSWER 20 OF 21 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1989:497726 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

111:97726

TITLE:

New cyclosporin analogs with modified C-9-amino acids as immunosuppressants

INVENTOR(S):

SOURCE:

Witzel, Bruce W.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Merck and Co., Inc., USA Brit. UK Pat. Appl., 59 pp.

CODEN: BAXXDU

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent English

LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.		DATE
				-	
GB 2205317	A1	19881207	GB 1988-12273		19880524
US 4798823	A	19890117	US 1987-57196		19870603
US 4885276	Α	19891205	US 1988-261868		19881024
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1987-57196	Α	19870603
OTHER SOURCE(S):	CASREA	CT 111:97726	; MARPAT 111:97726		
GI					

The title peptides [I; R1 = NR12CH[CH(OH)CHR13CH2XR]CO (Q), AB (4R)-4-[(E)-2-butenyl]-4-methyl-N-methyl-L-threonine residue; R = H, lower(halo)alkyl, lower alkenyl, (un)substituted aryl or heteroaryl, etc.; R12 = lower alkyl, lower alkylphenyl, aryl; R13 = lower alkyl; X = S, SO, SO2, O, MeLeuN; R2 = L-NHCHPrCO (Abu), Nva, Thr, R1; R3 = MeGly, NMeCH(SMe)CO, D-MeAla, MeAla, D-Pro; R4 = MeLeu; R5 = Val, Nval; R6 = MeLeu; R7 = Ala, Abu, Phe; R8 = D-Ala, Ala; R9 = MeLeu, MeVal; R10 = MeLeu, Leu; R11 = MeVal, Val, MeLeu, Abu] useful as immunosuppressants, were prepared by cyclization of linear undecapeptides (II). Reaction of (2R,3R)-3,4-isopropylidene-2-methyl-1-0-p-toluenesulfonyl-1,2,4butanetriol with MeSNa in MeOH followed successively by deacetonation and selective benzoylation with BzCl gave (2R,3R)-MeSCH2CHMeCH(OH)CH2OBz which was etherified with EtOCH: CH2 in CH2Cl2 containing CF3CO2H and the resulting ether was saponified to give (2R,3R)-MeSCH2CHMeCH(OCHMeOEt)CH2OH. Oxidation of the latter with SO2-pyridine complex and Me2SO containing Et3N followed by hydrolysis gave (2R,3R)-MeSCH2CHMeCH(OH)CHO which underwent addition reaction with KCN and MeNH2.HCl in MeOH to give (2RS, 3R, 4R) -MeSCH2CHMeCH(OH)CH(CN)NHMe. Cyclocondensation of the latter with 1,1'-carbonyldiimidazole in CH2Cl2 gave 3-methyl-5-[1-methyl-2-(methylthio)ethyl]-2-oxooxazolidine-4-carbonitrile which was converted into Et oxooxazolidine-4-carboxylate derivative via Et oxooxazolidine-4imidate. Hydrolysis of the carboxylate followed by saponification gave (2S, 3R, 4R) -MeSCH2CHMeCH(OH)CH(NHMe)CO2H (III). II (R = Me) was prepared by block synthesis of 1N,30-isopropylidene derivative of III with 2 protected peptide fragments followed by deprotection and then cyclized to give I [R1

= (2S,3R,4R) -NHMeCH[CH(OH)CHMeCH2SMe]CO; R2 = Abu, R3 = MeGly, R4 = R6 = R9 = R10 = MeLeu; R5 = Val, R7 = Ala, R8 = D-Ala, R11 = MeVal]. In R. Handschumacher's cyclophilin binding assay, the latter showed 179% of cyclosporin A activity.

IT 122008-39-3P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (preparation of, as immunosuppressant)

L8 ANSWER 21 OF 21 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1987:407610 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

107:7610

TITLE:
INVENTOR(S):

Cyclosporins Seebach, Dieter

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Sandoz A.-G., Switz.; Sandoz-Patent-G.m.b.H.;

Sandoz-Erfindungen Verwaltungsgesellschaft m.b.H.

SOURCE:

Eur. Pat. Appl., 66 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

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L029 A	19850501
370 A	
L0112 A	
3 3 3	485 05 7619 3990 176 30 A 029 A

PR

The title compds. I [X = (dihydro) - N-methyl - 4 - [(2E, 4R) - but - 2 - en - 1 - yl] - [(2E, 4R) - but - 2 - en - 1 - yl] - [(2E, 4R) - but - 2 - en - 1 - yl] - [(2E, 4R) - but - 2 - en - 1 - yl] - [(2E, 4R) - but - 2 - en - 1 - yl] - [(2E, 4R) - but - 2 - en - 1 - yl] - [(2E, 4R) - but - 2 - en - 1 - yl] - [(2E, 4R) - but - 2 - en - 1 - yl] - [(2E, 4R) - but - 2 - en - 1 - yl] - [(2E, 4R) - but - 2 - en - 1 - yl] - [(2E, 4R) - but - 2 - en - 1 - yl] - [(2E, 4R) - but - 2 - en - 1 - yl] - [(2E, 4R) - but - 2 - en - 1 - yl] - [(2E, 4R) - but - 2 - en - 1 - yl] - [(2E, 4R) - but - 2 - en - 1 - yl] - [(2E, 4R) - but - 2 - en - 1 - yl] - [(2E, 4R) - but - 2 - en - 1 - yl] - [(2E, 4R) - but - 2 - en - 1 - yl] - [(2E, 4R) - but - 2 - en - 1 - yl] - [(2E, 4R) - but - 2 - en - 1 - yl] - [(2E, 4R) - but - 2 -AΒ methyl-L-threonyl (MeBmt); X1 = α Abu, Thr, Val, Nva; X2 = NMeCHRCO; R = halo, cyano, CONH2, (un) substituted alkyl, alkylcarbonyl, (un) substituted alkylthio, (un) substituted alkenyl, (hetero) arylthio, etc.], possessing immunosuppressive, antiinflammatory and antiparasitic activity, were prepared by treating cyclosporins with a base and reacting the resulting cyclosporin polyanions having a deprotonated sarcosine residue (I; X2 = sarcosyl) with electrophiles, e.g. aldehydes, isocyanates, disulfides, alkyl halides. Thus, cyclosporin A in THF was added dropwise to 6.7 equiv (Me2CH) 2NLi in THF at -78° and after 1 h MeI was added at -78°. The mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature to give I (X = MeBmt; X1 = α Abu; X2 = MeAla). The title compds. at 0.01-10 μ g/mL inhibited concanavalin A stimulated DNA synthesis, cell-proliferation and blasto-genesis in mouse spleen lymphocytes and at 1-30 mg/kg/day p.o. were active against arthritis in rats, and at 10-50 mg/kg/day p.o. doubled the survival time of mice infected with malaria.

IT 108466-60-0P 108466-61-1P 108466-62-2P 108466-63-3P 108466-64-4P 108466-73-5P 108466-76-8P 108466-77-9P 108506-88-3P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of, as immunosuppressive, antiinflammatory, and antiparasitic agent)

=> sel hit rn E1 THROUGH E74 ASSIGNED

=> file reg FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:16:31 ON 03 DEC 2004 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2004 American Chemical Society (ACS)

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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 1 DEC 2004 HIGHEST RN 791553-15-6
DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 1 DEC 2004 HIGHEST RN 791553-15-6

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH MAY 21, 2004

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Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. For more information enter HELP PROP at an arrow prompt in the file or refer to the file summary sheet on the web at: http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/DBSS/registryss.html

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ANSWER 1 OF 74 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
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RN683774-74-5 REGISTRY

CN Cyclosporin A, 8-[(2R)-2-[[(dimethylamino)thioxomethyl]dithio]-Nmethylglycine]-, chloroacetate (ester) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PROTEIN SEQUENCE; STEREOSEARCH FS

C67 H117 Cl N12 O13 S3 MF

SR

CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL LC STN Files:

1 683774-69-8/BI

1 683774-70-1/BI

(683774-69-8/RN)

DT.CA CAplus document type: Patent

Roles from patents: BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES RL.P

RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-B

- 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
- 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 140:380253

- L9 ANSWER 5 OF 74 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- RN 683774-70-1 REGISTRY
- FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE; STEREOSEARCH
- MF C67 H118 Cl N11 O13 S
- SR CA
- LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL
- DT.CA CAplus document type: Patent
- RL.P Roles from patents: BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-B

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

- 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
- 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 140:380253

- ANSWER 10 OF 74 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN L9
- 683774-65-4 REGISTRY RN
- Cyclosporin A, 8-[(2R)-N-methyl-2-[(phenylmethyl)thio]glycine]- (9CI) CN INDEX NAME)
- FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE; STEREOSEARCH
- C69 H117 N11 O12 S MF
- SR CA
- LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL DT.CA CAplus document type: Patent
- Roles from patents: BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-B

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 140:380253

ANSWER 15 OF 74 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN Ь9

676618-76-1 REGISTRY RN

Cyclosporin A, 6-[(3R,4S)-3-hydroxy-N-methyl-5-(methylthio)-L-leucine]-8-CN [(2R)-2-[[2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]thio]-N-methylglycine]-9-(4-hydroxy-Nmethyl-L-leucine) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) PROTEIN SEQUENCE; STEREOSEARCH

FS

C64 H118 N12 O13 S2 MF

SR

CA, CAPLUS LCSTN Files:

DT.CA CAplus document type: Journal

RL.NP Roles from non-patents: BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 140:304074

L9 ANSWER 20 OF 74 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

RN 252760-03-5 REGISTRY

CN Cyclosporin A, 8-[N-methyl-2-(phenylthio)glycine]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS STEREOSEARCH .

MF C68 H115 N11 O12 S

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL

DT.CA CAplus document type: Patent

RL.P Roles from patents: BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-B

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 132:50254

L9 ANSWER 25 OF 74 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

RN 252731-40-1 REGISTRY

CN Cyclosporin A, 8-[2-(acetyloxy)-N-methyl-2-(phenylthio)glycine]- (9CI)

(CA INDEX NAME)

FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE; STEREOSEARCH

MF C70 H117 N11 O14 S

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL

DT.CA CAplus document type: Patent

RL.P Roles from patents: BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-B

- 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
- 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 132:50254

- L9 ANSWER 30 OF 74 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- RN **252731-35-4** REGISTRY
- CN Cyclosporin A, 7-L-norvaline-8-[N-methyl-2-(2-pyridinylthio)glycine]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
- FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE; STEREOSEARCH
- MF C68 H116 N12 O12 S
- SR CA
- LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL
- DT.CA CAplus document type: Patent
- RL.P Roles from patents: BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

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1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 132:50254

L9 ANSWER 35 OF 74 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

RN **227937-33-9** REGISTRY

CN Cyclosporin A, 8-[(2R)-N-methyl-2-[[2-(1-piperidinyl)ethyl]thio]glycine]-9-(4-hydroxy-N-methyl-L-leucine)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE; STEREOSEARCH

DR 653586-07-3

MF C69 H124 N12 O13 S

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

DT.CA CAplus document type: Journal; Patent

RL.P Roles from patents: PREP (Preparation)

RL.NP Roles from non-patents: BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

Me

PAGE 1-B

i-Bu

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 140:146494

REFERENCE 2: 131:59141

L9 ANSWER 40 OF 74 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

RN 227937-26-0 REGISTRY

CN Cyclosporin A, 8-[(2R)-2-[[2-[[(1,1-dimethylethyl)dimethylsilyl]oxy]ethyl]

thio]-N-methylglycine]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE; STEREOSEARCH

DR 653585-94-5

MF C70 H129 N11 O13 S Si

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

DT.CA CAplus document type: Journal; Patent

RL.P Roles from patents: PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

RL.NP Roles from non-patents: PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

- 2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
- 2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 140:146494

REFERENCE 2: 131:59141

L9 ANSWER 45 OF 74 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

RN 215531-97-8 REGISTRY

CN Cyclosporin A, 6-[(2S,3R,4R,6E)-3-hydroxy-4-methyl-2-(methylamino)-8-(methylthio)-6-octenoic acid]-8-[(2R)-2-[[2-(diethylamino)ethyl]thio]-N-methylglycine]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE; STEREOSEARCH

MF C69 H126 N12 O12 S2

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL

DT.CA CAplus document type: Patent

RL.P Roles from patents: BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 1-C

SMe

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 130:4088

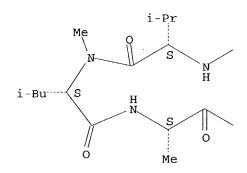
- L9 ANSWER 50 OF 74 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- RN **210760-77-3** REGISTRY
- CN Cyclosporin A, 8-[(2R)-2-[[2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]thio]-N-methylglycine}-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
- FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE; STEREOSEARCH
- DR 653585-96-7, 674802-83-6
- MF C66 H120 N12 O12 S
- CI COM
- SR CA
- LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL
- DT.CA CAplus document type: Journal; Patent
- RL.P Roles from patents: BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)
- RL.NP Roles from non-patents: BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

4 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

4 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 140:263758

REFERENCE 2: 140:146494

REFERENCE 3: 131:59141

REFERENCE 4: 129:149255

ANSWER 55 OF 74 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN 159992-08-2 REGISTRY L9

RN

Cyclosporin A, 6-[(3R,4R)-3-hydroxy-N,4-dimethyl-L-2-aminooctanoic CNacid] -7-L-valine-8-[N-methyl-L-2-(methylthio)glycine] - (9CI) (CA INDEX

PROTEIN SEQUENCE; STEREOSEARCH FS

C64 H117 N11 O12 S MF

SRCA

CA, CAPLUS LC STN Files:

DT.CA CAplus document type: Journal

RL.NP Roles from non-patents: BIOL (Biological study)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 122:45734

L9 ANSWER 60 OF 74 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

RN 152546-97-9 REGISTRY

CN Isocyclosporin A, 1-[N-[3-hydroxy-4-methyl-2-(methylamino)-1-oxooctyl]-L-valine]-2-[N-methyl-(R)-2-(methylthio)glycine]-, monohydrochloride, [2S-(2R*,3S*,4S*)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 1-0xa-4,7,10,13,16,19,22,25,28,31-decaazacyclotetratriacontane, cyclic peptide deriv.

FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE

MF C64 H117 N11 O12 S . Cl H

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

DT.CA CAplus document type: Patent

RL.P Roles from patents: BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

CRN (152614-93-2)

HCl

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

120:135131 REFERENCE 1:

ANSWER 65 OF 74 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN Ь9

122008-39-3 REGISTRY RN

Cyclosporin A, 6-[(3R,4R)-3-hydroxy-N-methyl-5-(methylthio)-L-leucine]-9-CN [N-methyl-L-2-(methylthio)glycine]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

1,4,7,10,13,16,19,22,25,28,31-Undecaazacyclotritriacontane, cyclic peptide CNderiv.

PROTEIN SEQUENCE FS

C57 H103 N11 O12 S2 MF

SR

CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL LCSTN Files:

CAplus document type: Patent

Roles from patents: BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 111:97726

L9 ANSWER 70 OF 74 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

RN 108466-64-4 REGISTRY

CN Cyclosporin A, 8-[N-methyl-D-2-[[2-[(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-

yl)oxy]ethyl]thio]glycine]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 1,4,7,10,13,16,19,22,25,28,31-Undecaazacyclotritriacontane, cyclic peptide deriv.

FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE

MF C69 H123 N11 O14 S

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL

DT.CA CAplus document type: Patent

RL.P Roles from patents: PREP (Preparation)

RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK

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1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 107:7610

L9 ANSWER 74 OF 74 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

RN 108466-60-0 REGISTRY

CN Cyclosporin D, 8-[(2R)-N-methyl-2-(methylthio)glycine]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN 1,4,7,10,13,16,19,22,25,28,31-Undecaazacyclotritriacontane, cyclic peptide

deriv

CN Cyclosporin A, 7-L-valine-8-[N-methyl-D-2-(methylthio)glycine]-

FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE; STEREOSEARCH

MF C64 H115 N11 O12 S

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL

DT.CA CAplus document type: Journal; Patent

RL.P Roles from patents: PREP (Preparation)

RL.NP Roles from non-patents: BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); PRP (Properties)

RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry as shown.

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PAGE 1-B

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 130:90080

REFERENCE 2: 107:7610